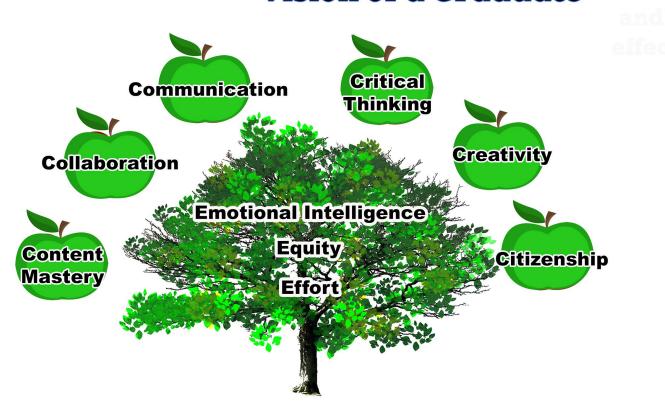
Kindergarten Readiness: Literacy & Language

Early Childhood Collaborative

Southington Public Schools Vision of a Graduate

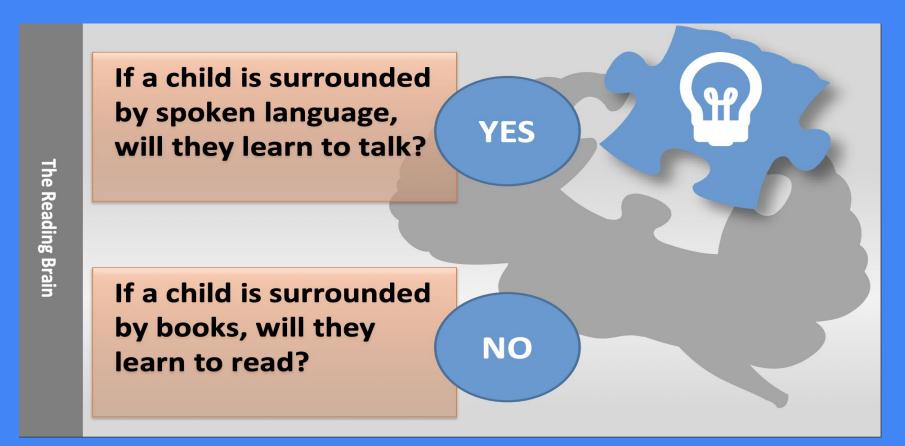


What is the Science of Reading?

"Decades of basic research and randomized controlled trials of intervention and instructional routines have formed a substantial evidence base to guide best practices in reading instruction, reading intervention, and the early identification of at-risk readers."

Petscher et al, 2020

Understanding the Research



The Reading Brain

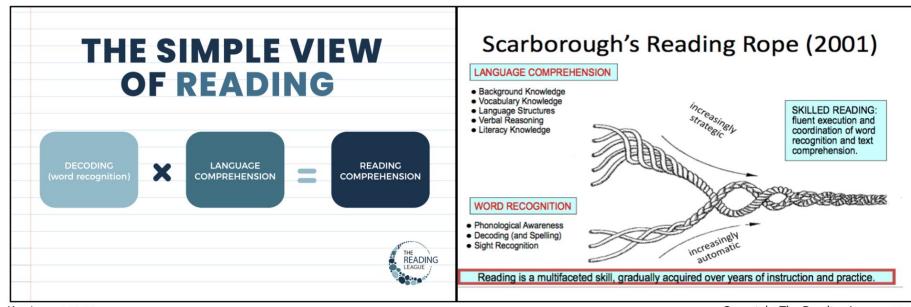
"Each new reader comes to reading with a 'fresh' brain -- one that is programmed to speak, see, and think, but not read. Reading requires the brain to rearrange its original parts to learn something new." (Maryanne Wolf)

All students need to know the structure of the English language – that is, it is based on an alphabet (phonemic) and meaning (morpho). **English** is morphophonemic.



WHAT IS ORAL LANGUAGE?

Oral language (OL), sometimes called spoken language, includes **speaking** and listening—the ways that humans communicate with one another. OL skills provide the foundation for word reading and comprehension. They are at the heart of listening and reading comprehension, serving as a predictor for both.



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Early learning experiences will support children to:

- Understand & use language
- Gain book appreciation and knowledge
- Gain knowledge of print and its uses
- Develop phonological awareness
- Convey meaning through drawing, letters and words

Receptive Language

Skills

- Understand an increasing variety of words
- Understand complex sentences that include
 2-3 concepts.

- Talk with your child.
- Give 2-3 step directions.



Expressive Language

Skills

- Begin to use words that are not part of everyday vocabulary
- Use longer sentences to share ideas
- Use words to express ideas, feelings and needs

- Show a genuine interest when they talk.
- Build vocabulary by reading!
- Offer options to use specific word choice.
- Encourage the use of words to express feelings, emotions and needs.

Social Interactions

Skills

- Initiate and maintain topic of conversation
- Answer simple who,
 what, where, and why
 questions
- Speak for a variety of purposes

- Talk with your child!
- Join a playgroup
- Set up playdates



Book Appreciation & Knowledge Skills

- Select fiction and nonfiction books to be read
- Retell story
- Answer simple who, what, where and why questions.
- Make predictions

What can you do:

- Visit the library.
- Create a reading nook.
- Read to your child every night.
- Have your child act out a story or an event from the story.
- Let them share information learned.

Knowledge & Use of Print

Skills

- Demonstrate book awareness
- Recognize that print conveys meaning
- Recognize some letters

- Let your child hold the book and turn the pages.
- Let your child "read" books to you.
- Point out common environmental print & signs
- Point out the letters in your child's name.



Phonological Awareness Skills

- Recognize rhyming words in songs and poem
- Produce rhymes
- Identify matching beginning sounds in words
- Identify words in a sentence

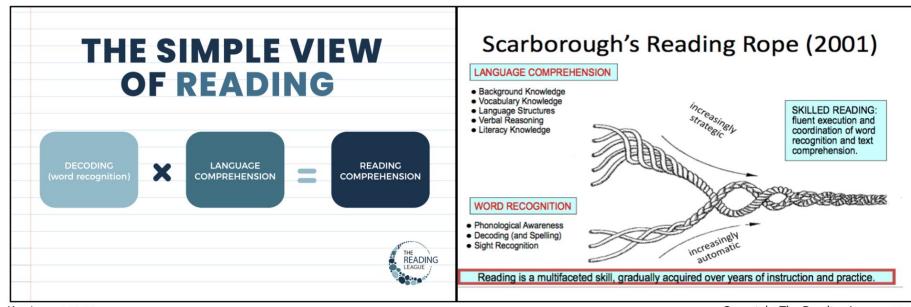
- Read books and poems with rhyming words.
- Play rhyming games.
- Play matching beginning sounds games with objects.

Written Expression

Skills

- Draw or "write" stories or ideas
 - Scribbles
 - Pictures
 - Letters (or attempt at letters)

- Provide authentic opportunities for them to "write."
- Model writing for a different purposes
- Engage in play that involves writing



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Final Thoughts...

- READ TO YOUR CHILD EVERYDAY!
- Put books in your child's hand.
- Spend time talking with your child and engaging in pretend play.
- Provide opportunities to write.
- Create time for socialization.
- READ TO YOUR CHILD EVERYDAY!



Questions?

Feel free to contact

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